**Parshat Pinchas Trivia**

Aliyah 1: **26:52-56**

How many years did it take to conquer the Land? How many to divide the Land?

**26:53 - Seven years. Seven years.**

Two brothers leave Egypt and die in the *midbar*. One brother has three sons. The other brother has only one son. When these four cousins enter the Land, how many portions will the one son get?

**26:55 - Two portions. That is, the four cousins merit four portions among them. These four portions are then split among them as if their fathers were inheriting them; *i.e*., two portions to one father and two portions to the other father.**

What do Yocheved, Ard and Na'aman have in common?

**26:56 - They came down to Mitzrayim in their mothers' wombs.**

Aliyah 2: **26:57- 26:62**

**6. How was it to be determined which tribe got which land? How much land did the Levites get? Were the Levites counted in the same way as the other tribes?**

The land distribution was determined by lot (26:55)

**7. What were the names of Moses’ mother and father?**

Moses’ parents were Amram ben Kohath haLevi and Yocheved bat Levi (26:59).

**8. What were the names of Aaron’s children? What happened to two of his sons?**

Aaron’s sons were Nadav, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar (26:60). Nadav and Abihu were killed by God because they took strange fire into the sanctuary. (26:61)

Aliyah 3: **26:63-27:5**

1. **Why did the decree to die in the desert not apply to the women?**

26:64 - In the incident of the *meraglim*, only the men wished to return to Egypt. The women wanted to enter *Eretz Yisrael.*

1. **What trait did Tzlofchad's daughters exhibit that their ancestor Yosef also exhibited?**

27:1 - Love for *Eretz Yisrael*.

1. **Why does the Torah change the order of Tzlofchad's daughters' names?**

27:1 - To teach that they were equal in greatness.

1. **Tzlofchad died for what transgression?**

27:3 - Rabbi Akiva says that Tzlofchad gathered sticks on Shabbat. Rabbi Shimon says that Tzlofchad was one who tried to enter *Eretz Yisrael* after the sin of the *meraglim.*

Aliyah 4: **27:6- 27:14**

If there were no sons or daughters in a family to receive an inheritance, who was first in line?

After sons, the next in line for inheritance were brothers of the deceased, then brothers of the deceased’s father, for example: uncles on the father’s side. (27:9-10)

Aliyah 5: **27:15-27:23**

11. When God told Moses that he would only get to see the Land of Israel, not go into it, what did Moses ask?

Moses asked God to choose the next leader of the people. He did not plea to be allowed to enter the land. (27:15-17)

12. From which mountain did Moses see the land?

Moses saw the land from Mount Abarim. (27:12**)**

Moshe "put some of his glory" upon Yehoshua. What does this mean?

**27:20 - That Yehoshua's face beamed like the moon.**

Aliyah 6: **28:1-28:10**

Where were the daily offerings slaughtered?

**28:3 - At a spot opposite the sun. The morning offering was slaughtered on the west side of the slaughtering area and the afternoon offering on the east side.**

**Aliyah7: 28:11-28:15**

Goats are brought as *musaf* sin-offerings. For what sin do they atone?

**28:15 - For unnoticed ritual impurity of the Sanctuary or its vessels**